Fair; possibly showers.

"CORKERS"

A Suit for \$8.45

Overcoat for \$5

That can not be duplicated by any one who does not manufacture, unless it is some one who does not expect to pay 100 cents on the dollar for his stock. You can always get your money back if you are not pleased with the goods you buy at the WHEN. But then it is hardly necessary to tell you that. Twenty years experience has made everyone familiar with

The When

READY

AND ITS METHODS.

Decided Novelties in fabrics for the making up of Men's and Boys' Suits, Ladies' and Misses' Cloaks, Suits, Skirts, etc., in Black and Blue Cheviots, Clay pattern lengths.

Samples by Mail on Request. (Positively sold only to the trade.) Wholesale Exclusively.

Imported Scotch Suitings for Men's Wear in the new Green, Brown and Heather Mixtures, Broken Plaids, Checks, etc., Worsteds, Broadcloths, Meltons,

For Ladies and Children. New Fancy Boucles, Astrachans, Scotch Mixtures.

EVERHARDT BESTED IN A FIGHT

FOR LIGHT-WEIGHT HONORS.

Awarded to the Saginaw Pugilist in

the Twenty-Fourth Round When

NEW YORK, Oct. 27 .- The fight to decide the

light-weight boxing championship of the world

attracted a representative gathering of sporting

men from all over the United States to the arena

of the Bohemian Sporting Club to-night. The

prices of admission were more prohibitive than

those usually charged, being \$20, \$15, and \$10. The

contestants were George Lavigne, of Saginaw,

Mich., and Jack Everhardt, of New Orleans.

The contest was scheduled for twenty-five rounds

istered at odds of 100 to 70 on the Saginaw lad.

White, Harry Black, Harry Tuthill, "Mysterious

Billy" Smith and Tim Magrath. Lavigne was

on the face. Both countered four times on the face. Lavigne crossed his right on the jaw. Everhardt staggered, Lavigne then snashed his opponent with right and left swings on the head

and had Everhardt almost out when the referee stopped the bout and awarded the fight to La-

ERROR THAT COST \$100,000.

Heavy Judgment Must Be Paid Be-

cause a Clerk Was Carcless.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 27.-Owing to

ance Company of New York must pay Mrs.

Nellie Phinney a judgment of \$98,000, with

interest and costs, making over \$100,000.

Such was the decision of the United States

Circuit Court of Appeals in this city. The

mpany refused to pay the life policy of by C. Phinney for \$98,000, and suit was

rigne. The time of the last round was oute, fifty-three and three-fifths seconds.

the gong rang.

Lavigne's seconds were Sam Fitzpatrick, Paddy

SPECIAL

BELATED FLAG BUNTINGS and DECORATIONS will arrive TO-DAY and TO-MORROW, Oct. 28 and 29. Ten cases tri-colors with stars, and plain red, white, blue and gold 3-4 buntings.

MURPHY, HIBBEN & CO

IMPORTERS, JOBBERS

Dry Goods, Notions, Woolens, Etc.

(Stocks kept complete at all times. Prices guaranteed right.)

Big 4 Route LAVIGNE IS CHAMPION

WILL RUN ANOTHER

JACURSION

INCINNATI, O.

SATURDAY, OCT. 31.

\$1 For the Round Trip

Indianapolis 3:45 a. m., 4:15 a. m., 7:30 a. m. and 10:50 a. m. Good returning on trains leaving Cincin- Gorman, Dan Creedon, Denny Murphy and Ted nati up to 1 p. m. of Sunday, Nov. 1. Alexander. Everhardt's handlers were Charley Big political demonstration in

cinnati Vestibule, daily...... cinnati, Dayton, Toledo and Detroit, ARRIVE INDIANAPOLIS.

12:45 am; 6:50 am; 11:45 am; 3:29 pm; 7:50 pm; 10:40 pm.
For further information call at No. 2 West Washington street or Union Station.
GEO. W. HAYLER, D. P. A.

MONON ROUTE

Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Railway.

Pullman Vestibule Train Service.

Arrive Chicago 12:00 noon, 8:20 p. m. and 7:20 Leave Chicago daily 2:45 a. m., 11:50 a. m. and e Indianapolis 7:45 a. m., 4:37 p. m. and

Chicago Sleeper at west end Union Station.

CAMPBELL, WILD & CO. RONDS

205 INDIANA TRUST BUILDING

Episcopal Missionary Council. CINCINNATI. Oct. 27.—The missionary council of the Episcopal Church to-day began its session of five days with services lasting during the forenoon. In the afternoon the Bishop of Missouri presided. Rev. Henry Anstice, D. D., of Rochester, N. Y., was re-elected secretary. The address of welcome was delivered by Bishop Boyd Vincent, with response by Bishop T. E. Dudley, of Kentucky, after which the usual order of business was taken up. The attendance of tishops and other representatives is very large.

CINCINNATI. Oct. 27.—The missionary would teil." Both Schweinfurth and his wife carried guitars, giving an additional mothey touch to the appearance of the party.

Fire Island Sold for \$20,000.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—Fire island, which was purchased by the city as a quarantine station during the choicra scare of 1892, was sold at auction to-day. The island and the buildings on it cost the city \$221,000, and the price realized at the sale was \$20,000.

EBULLITION OF REPUBLICANISM AT CANTON YESTERDAY.

One of the Greatest Demonstrations of the Campaign in Point of Enthusiasm and Earnestness.

MANY WOMEN WERE THERE

AND THEIR SINGING AND MARCHING WON THE THRONG'S PRAISE,

Impromptu Concert at the Courthouse. in Which People from Half a Doz-

MAJOR M'KINLEY AT HIS BEST

SENTIMENTS AND GOOD SENSE.

Address to a Sound-Money Delegation from New England That Every True Citizen Will Applaud.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

CANTON, Oct. 27 .- To-day's demonstration in behalf of William McKinley and the Republican cause was the greatest of | ing. the campaign here, in point of enthusiasm. There never was a more inspiring scene than that witnessed on the public square of Canton from 4 to 5 o'clock this afternoon. Thousands of people, including the Ladies' McKinley Club & Norwalk, many visitors from Boston, West Virginia, Maryand and Ohio, gathered in front of the handsome courthouse, on Broadway public square, and sang patriotic melodies, interspersed with music by the bands, frequent spersed with music by the bands, frequent adopt that policy that would give to labor cheers and the waving of flags, banners and American citizenship just as high a and campaign parasols, with which the reward for its toll as possible. I have women's delegation was supplied. "Amerifree trade would be a good thing for the ca." "Yankee Doodle," "The Star-spangled United States, for I have always recognized Nor was "Dixie" or "Maryland, My Maryland," forgotten. Both were sung as lustily and patriotically as was "John Brown's Body" and "Marching through Georgia." The affair was entirely impromptu and workingmen and that this would bring our ended at 5 o'clock with "Home, Sweet Home" from both band and the vast aulience which had gathered first as spectators and then as participants in the great

patriotic concert. To-day's demonstration was full of beauties and features. It was notable for a large crowd. It was notable for the wide range of territory represented by the visiting delegations. It was notable for the varied interests of the people who came. The demonstration began in earnest at noon with the arrival of a party representing three States, and it continued till dark, All that time the McKinley residence was surrounded by an interested crowd shouting and cheering for the nominee and applauding the splendid delegations which marched up the street. At that time the air was filled with music of bands, and at no time was the street leading to the Mc-Kinley home without a line of men and women, either marching or waiting orders

In the first party were sixteen coachloads coming from eastern West Virginia, western Maryland and Martin's Ferry, O., the latter delegation being composed of women coming with greetings for Major McKinley and with beautiful flowers for Mrs. McKinley. Employes of three large Tickets good on trains leaving at 138 pounds and both men weighed in all right. Cleveland manufacturing concerns were Lavigne was the favorite, several bets being regnext upon the scene, and when they gave people-men and women from Mingo Junetion, O., the employes of a large iron and steel plant and their wives and friends. After these came the New England dele-

gation under the banner of the New England Sound-money Club. This party occupied a special train of six sleeping coaches and two dining cars, and was on the way from 2 o'clock Monday afternoon till 2 o'clock this afternoon. The part came largely from Boston, but a number of other New England towns were represented. It was composed of former Democrats as well as Republicans, and one of the men presented to Major McKinley was introduced as one who had for over fifty years voted nothing but the Democratic ticket, but who this year will vote for Mc-Kinley and Hobart. The visitors were introduced by Frank W. Rollins, ex-President of the New Hampshire Senate. Many relics and mementoes of the visit were brought for Mrs. McKinley from Boston lem, including whale's teeth, twigs from a tree planted by Governor Endicott in 1628 In the twenty-fourth both led and landed lefts and a gold witch spoon. The party remained in Canton till 6 o'clock and then went to Cleveland, where a stop of two hours was made, and from there to Niag-ara Falls for a short stop, the schedule being to reach Boston at 7 o'clock Thursday evening. No prettier sight has been witnessed in

the whole campaign than the reception of the Women's McKinley Club of Norwalk, O. This club of some 300 members is spienorganized and drilled, and when on parade carries campaign umbrellas on which portraits of McKinley and Hobart are conspicuous. They were commanded by a chief marshal, Mrs. A. T. Bloham, and their evolutions well may attract the envy SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 27.—Owing to a of voting clubs. A reception committee of court clerk's error the Mutual Life Insur- Canton ladies met the visitors at the station and, together with the Canton troop of horsemen, escorted them to the McKinley home, where Mrs. William R. Day and Mrs. George B. Frease introduced respectively Mrs. L. C. Laylin, who made the introductory address, and Mrs. George Titus, who presented a large cluster of yellow chrysanthemums to Mrs. McKinley. The latter, owing to illness, could not receive Guy C. Phinney for \$98,000, and suit was brought by the widow and judgment given, but the case was appealed. R. M. Hopkins, clerk of the court at Washington, failed to properly indorse the writ of error filed with Therefore there is no official record Kinley concluded his address, to the accomshowing that the writ was actually filed.
The time allowed within which another appeal might be filed has expired, so the decision is final.

Kiniey concluded his address, to the accompanion to the Norwalk Band the women united in singing a campaign song to the tune of "Red. White and Bine." waving their handkerchief all the while and proucing a most striking effect.

Then came a visit of five or six carloads

Kinley Club of Norwalk.

In response to an address by Mrs. L. C.

"It gives me sincere pleasure to receive

this visit from the women of Norwalk, made to Mrs. McKinley and myself. She

wery deeply regrets that, by reason of illness, she is dealed the pleasure and honor of receiving you personally and bids me say that she appreciates most highly the compliment and honor of this call. It is a good omen when the women of the country man.

ifest an interest in public affairs. That

they should have and show a deep concern is not at all surprising or unnatural, for

profit by good laws and suffer from bad laws quite as much as men. Every inter-

est which they have is in favor of good

government, good morais, clean politics and wise legislation. The interest that they are exhibiting in the rightful settlement of the

public questiens at this time cannot but be hopeful and their influence elevating and

ntroduced to Major McKinley by A. R. TRIBUTE TO WOMEN.

nominee said:

"Christ" Schweinfurth and His Bride Return from the West.

IN "HEAVEN" AGAIN.

ROCKFORD, Ill., Oct. 27.-George Jacob Eloquent Speech to the Ladies' Me-Schweinfurth, with his bride, formerly Mrs. Tuttle, her two children and two other couples from "Heaven," who were married Laylin, of Norwalk, on behalf of the Laat the same time as the so-called Messiah | dies' McKinley Club of Norwalk, O., the at Minneapolis, returned to the city this morning, after an absence of nearly five months. The "charlot" from the Welden farm was at the station to meet the party, and Schweinfurth smiled as he referred to his wife. Asked as to whether he intended to remove his location south of this city, he simply replied that "time alone would tell." Both Schweinfurth and his

inspiring. They have been effective for good since the world began. They exalt every cause they touch, and never can be enlisted for the wrong. It will not be forgotten that 'the sand that rocks the cradle writes the songs for the millions,' and, in some of our States, wields the ballot. The voice that sings the lullaby, the sweetest song of all, entrances the world with dearest notes and speaks with mighty elodearest notes and speaks with mighty elo-quence, and always for the right. The head that plans for the family is never too much occupied to embrace the cause of country. The hand that made badges for the country's soldiers will never cast a ballot against the country's honor or the American home. It is incapable of striking a blow against country, and will never cast a ballot except for the country's glory. "I congratulate you upon what woman has done in the past for humanity, morality and civilization, and I congratulate you from the bottom of my heart upon the wider opportunities that are before you for still greater usefulness in all that helps mankind, blesses the race and elevates the construction. helps mankind, blesses the race and elevates the country. In closing a sanitary fair in Washington, Mr. Linceln, on March 18, 1864, said: 'I am not accustomed to the use of language of eulogy. I have never studied the art of paying compliment to women, but I must say that if all that has been said by orators and poets in praise of women were applied to the women of America it would not do them justice for their conduct during this war.' I will close by saying, as Mr. Lincoln closed by saying, "God bless the women of America." (Great applause and waving of handker-(Great applause and waving of handker-

GOOD TARIFF ARGUMENT. Speech to a Delegation of Working-

men from Cleveland. In response to an address by William Mc-Kenzie in behalf of the Upson Nut Company, Lamson & Sessions and the Peck, Stowe & Wilcox Sound-money clubs, of Cleveland, Major McKinley spoke as fol-

"My Feliow-citizens-I give sincere welcome to the representatives of the three corporations of the city of Cleveland, for which your spokesman has already presented assurances of good will and sup-port. I have observed in the course of this campaign the great interest which the men of toil have for the rightful settlement of the questions which are presented to the American people for their ballots this year. I do not know of any portion of our population that can be more deeply interested personally more vitally interested in the personally, more vitally interested in the success of right principles than the men who depend upon their daily toil for a liv-

This whole question of American devel-

opment is to a larger degree a question of labor than anything else. We have in this country just as good machinery as they have in Europe and just as skilled workingmen; workingmen that possess as much inventive genius as can be found in the world, and the only reason we want a tariff aside from revenue purposes is to protect the American workingmen and the Ameri-can scale of wages against the cheap labor and the low rate of wages prevaiing in other parts of the world. I have always belleved that it was true statesmanship recognized, what every thoughtful man must recognize, that free trade would open up our markets to foreign products as freely as to American products and that this would mean idleness or cheap wages to our standard down to the European standard. To this I have always stood and will always stand unalterably opposed. tion to work out the highest destiny of its own people. We are a peculiar nation, different from any other in the world in this, that every man in our country is given a voice in the control of the government. must, therefore, have, as far as possible free and independent citizenship. cannot come with extreme poverty and reduced wages, but must come with better wages that will give us better homes and more cheer and comfort. Ours is a government that cannot afford to divide its people into classes. It cannot afford to array one part against the other; it cannot afford to array one section against another because we are all equal citizens and have equal power by the ballot. The better off our people are, the becar citizens they are, and the better citizens we have the better country this will be. So, in my public life, in talking to my friends and neigh-bors, I have insisted upon a tariff high

to protect American products against those foreign products which compete with them, and to make up the difference between the wages paid in Europe and those paid in America. "You have tried the other policy. Since 1861 we have been living, until 1894, under a protective tariff, when a change was made inder the new administration. So it was hard for the people to believe that industrihad anything to do wages; but they have discovered, in the last three years and a half, that cheap foreign goods and labor displace American goods and labor and the American workthe world on that point from your own experience. This government cannot get on without money. It takes more than a mil-lion dollars every twenty-four hours to get it is by taxation-by taxing foreign products or by direct taxation of our people upon their incomes, wages and lands is there any question about how best to raise the money to run this government It is better to tax the products of other people than our own, and so protect our

own people, shops and manufacturers. will have ar opportunity to settle that question by your votes next Tuesday, for this is a government that rests upon the consent of the governed, and as you vote next Tuesday so will our governmental pol-icy be for the next four years. Besides, we want to advise the whole world that we are not a nation of repudi full day, to be paid in full dollars, that do not depreciate over night, and if there are any of you of foreign birth who want to send a little back to the old folks in your fatherland, you want to be sure that it is just as good there as in the United States. Then we want, by a policy of

sound money and protective tariff, to re-store confidence to the business world; and ness world by threatening the repudiation I have talked longer than I had any idea of doing, but, looking into your earnest faces, I could not help feeling that you intend to vote next Tuesday what in your own conscience you consider best-not for my party, not for me, but for your-

selves and your common country. M'KINLEY'S BEST SPEECH. An Appeal to All That Is Good and Noble in Man.

Mr. McKinley's response to Col. Frank W. Rollins, of Boston, who spoke on behalf of the New England delegation, follows: "Colonel Rollins and my Fellow-citizens-This public manifestation of the zeal of New England for the Republican cause and triumph of Republican principles is most encouraging and inspiring. I do not feel that New England people are altogether strangers to me. (Cries of 'Not a bit of it!' 'Of course not!' and 'We've heard of you before.') I have met them at my observation that whatever considera-tions move New England to any action, move every other part of our common country. What is good for New England is land is good for the great West. What is good for one part of our country is good or every part. This is a year, my fellowcitizens, when partisanship counts for but little, and patriotism for everything. This assemblage furnishes an impressive tribute to the cause of national honor and the upholding of the American name. No other audience anywhere could I more properly address on the subject most dear to my heart, and most dear to the American peor., I am sure, than this assemblage of dear old New England.

"We have presented in this campaign a question that should in no sense be political, partisan or sectional; a strange very serious question, astounding indeed at this juncture of our national affairs; a question fraught with the greatest peril to every interest of the United States. The problem is not one of the present, but of the morrow and of the hereafter—the bold, hald question of national integrity and na-tional honor. Both these are involved in the die of our bailots one week from to-day. It is not a question simply as to whether one party or another shall win, as in times past—that sinks into comperative insignifi-cance in a crisis like this—but it is a question whether now, in our greatest strength and majesty, we shall proclaim to the world whether or not we are a nation of people that can be trusted, or whether or not we shall allow it said that we, the peo-

(Continued on Sixth Page.)

Leaders of the Most Influential Labor Organizations in the World Opposed to Free Silver.

ARTHUR, SARGENT, ARNOLD

AND FIREMENS' BROTHERHOODS

Are for McKinley and Sound Money, and Against Bryan and His Panic-Breeding Doctrine.

MAN IS OUT FOR FREE SILVER.

Popocratic Canard Promptly Exploded by Marshall Field, Phil Armour, Lyman Gage and Others.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. PEORIA, Oct. 27.-The desperate efforts of the Popocratic managers to make i appear that the leaders of all labor organizations are advocating free silver has met with rebuke again. Three men at the heads of the most influential labor organizations in the world have united in the following signed address to the working-

men of the United States, which was issued "To refute a false statement, as we sin-cerely believe it to be, and correct an im-pression that our friends and acquaintances may have formed concerning our signatures to a campaign document going the rounds of the press and circulated broadcast on the streets, entitled 'Proclamation,' in which we are made to appear that we are in favor of free silver at any ratio and substantially the establishment as the terms may be, we wish to be recorded by all who are interested in our position as being emphatically and unequiv ocally against such a scheme, but are for the sound-money plank promulgated by th Republican convention at St. Louis. signatures were obtained nearly three years ago to a document pretending to be a 'memorial to Congress,' then in session, which, in our belief and memory, much milder paper than is the 'Proclamaopinions may have been on the money ques ion at the time of our signing the memo rial, nearly three years ago, we have learned enough since on the subject to war rant us in denouncing the attempt at free coinage of silver at 16 to 1, believ-ing it to be directly against the interests of labor, and also believing that under a condition of free coinage this country will be subjected to one of the most frightfu panies that any country in this world has ever seen. Our belief in this statement is strengthened by an admission made by Willian J. Bryan, candidate for President in a recent speech in the Northwest, where in he is reported to have said that h thought that a free-silver condition would bring, for the present, stagnation and pan but from which, in four years, we would recover.

"We do not believe that this country can stand an additional four years of misery and distress, and are therefore opposed t the sentiments contained is the aforesai

"P. M. ARTHUR, "Grand Chief Brotherhood Locomotive En gineers. "F. P. SARGENT. "Grand Master Brotherhood of Locomotive

F. W. ARNOLD. "Grand Secretary and Treasurer Brotherhood Locomotive Firemen.'

Mr. Sargent's Letter to Mr. Scott. CHICAGO, Oct. 27,-F. P. Sargent, grand master of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, who, with Mr. Arthur, head of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers,

and other leaders of labor organizations has been represented as favoring Bryan and free coinage, writes from Peorla, Ill., under date of the 23d, an emphatic denial in reply to a letter of inquiry addressed him by N. B. Scott, of the Republican national committee. In his denial Mr. Sargent says "About three years ago, or less, I received a call from a gentleman who was

circulating a document purporting to be a memorial which was to be presented to Congress, then in session, asking for legislation in favor of silver and the restoration of the coinage of both gold and silver, the coins of both metals to be full legal tender and to have a full purchasing power. Believing at that time that legislation was a necessity, and, if enacted, would benefit both employer and employe, benefit both employer and employe, espe-cially those engaged in the railroad busi-ness, and with that end in view i had no hesitance in affixing my sig-nature to what I supposed to be a memorial to Congress. To-day I stand pronounced for sound money. I have no desire to see this country adopt a policy which would result in a depreciated currency and the repudiation of honest debts. I am for as long as the silver dollar is worth just what it says on its face and will cir-culate equally with gold in the payment of all debts and also when that dollar is backed by the credit of the government. If it will be of any satisfaction to know where I stand at the present time, I wan to say very emphatically that I shall vote for William McKinley, as I believe he represents the best interests of the American sents the best interests the wage worker, people, and especially the wage worker. "F. P. SARGENT."

ANOTHER FALSEHOOD. Prominent Chicago Business Men Have Not Declared for Silver. special to the Indianapolis Journal

CHICAGO, Oct. 27 .- Every day brings its

new set of falsehoods to influence voters to support the Popocratic ticket. The yesterday to the effect that Marshall Field Phil Armour, Lyman J. Gage and several other distinguished business men of Chicago fered as an explanation of this surprising statement was an assertion that these genployes all over the city and at the railway yards and stations, and created a visible of the statements to be absolutely false. Only a few minutes of time was required to obtain a definite denial from each of the gentlemen of the truth of the rumor, but the comments and excitement which the announcements created showed how danliable to be in the closing hours of the campaign and how thoroughly the public should be on their guard against them.

The Sentinel's Hoyt Fake. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Oct. 27 .- Several days ago the Sentinel published a report from Chicago which purported to show ple of the United States, believe in paying our honest debts in bits of metal stamped in the name and by the authority of the great Republic as worth 100 cents for all taking part in a Republican procession with taking part in a Republican procession with his force of hands, had declared for Bryan, mate, three seamen and cook.

FALSEHOOD REFUTED

and 450 out of his 500 clerks would do the same. A letter was received in this city to-day from Mr. Maddox, of Chicago, who took the article directly to Mr. Hoyt. Mr. Hoyt, through his partner, declared that it was a lie out of whole cloth. His employes had made no demonstration as a body for anybody. His three partners have always been Republicans, but Mr. Hoyt and his sons are Democrats, and this year opposed to Bryan. This article from the Sentinel has been liberally quoted by the silver has been liberally quoted by the silver press of the State in the last desperate effort to support a losing cause.

POPOCRATIC CLAIMS. Ridiculous Statement Issued by Rain-

bow-Chaser Campau. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. CHICAGO, Oct. 27.-Daniel J. Campau,

the national Popocratic committee, to-day gave out a statement that is called ridiculous by the Republicans and sound-money Democrats. "Dan" Campau, who is as great a rainbow chaser as was "Cal" Brice, says his committee to-day received reports from the chairmen of all the State Popocratic committees, on which he sums up the situation as follows:

"The Democratic national committee awaits the result of next week's election with serene confidence. William Jennings Bryan will be elected by the largest popular majority given any President in a quarter of a century. He will have more than 300 votes in the Electoral College. Our reports from the middle Western States show the effect of his wonderful campaigning tour through them. His majorities will be in-STILL ANOTHER LIE NAILED

STILL ANOTHER LIE NAILED

Ho REPUTABLE CHICAGO BUSINESS

NO REPUTABLE CHICAGO BUSINESS

NAN IS OUT FOR FREE SILVER.

Helect of his wonderful campaigning tour through them. His majorities will be increased by many thousands as a result of his great journey. Hilmois, Michigan, Indiana, Iowa, Minnesota are absolutely safe, and our chances of success in Ohio and Wisconsin are more than flattering. The ever-rising tide of enthusiasm for the great cause and the great leader of the common people will sween those States along with people will sweep those States, along with their sisters already won. Senator Gorman, one of the most astute political leaders of the Union, guarantees us Maryland. Our reports from Kentucky are that Republican monopoly and Democratic treason will be outvoted by more than 40,000. The desperoutvoted by more than 40,000. The desperate and despotic effort to coerce and buy the American people is doomed to dismal and humiliating fatiure. The solid South and the silver West will join hands in impregnable alliance at the polls. The great middle West is with them in an invincible union. Our intrepld leader is sure to get a magnificent victory. These States will give their votes for him without a shadow of

Alabama 11|Colorado 'alifornia 9 Georgia 1 Florida Idaho ... 3 Iowa Kentucky 13 Maryland 8 Kansas louisiana 8 Minnesota Michigan 9 Nebraska 3 North Carolina.... Montana North Dakota...... South Carolina 3 West Virginia..... 6

3 Total283 Wyoming Arkansas "In addition, our chances of success in these States are far better than those of the Republicans: Delaware, 3; Ohio, 23; long recognized the hopelessness of their Visconsin, 12. Total, 38. It has been a long hard campaign, but the people's cause has never ceased in its steady march to vic-tory. Success is now in plain sight. The brag and bluster of the Republican national committee claiming 350 electoral votes is such States as Texas, Idaho, Utah and Montana, where the majority for Bryan is only to be measured by considering almost the whole voting population for him.' Among the reports from chairmen of State committees made public is the fol-lowing signed by Parks M. Martin, of In-

"The situation in Indiana was never orighter for a sweeping Democratic victory. I am confident we will give Mr. Bryan the electoral vote of Indiana, elect a Legislature and carry nine and probably all of the thirteen congressional districts, beside cur entire State ticket, all by a safe majority. Notwithstanding the attempts at coercion and corruption, the people are loyal and determined. All the recent al-leged defections which have been heralded so loudly by the gold-standard press are of nen allied with coperations and who fought the silver element prior to the Chicago convention, and have given the ticket no support since, so that the effect of their desertion was long since discounted. The free-silver Republican vote will exceed the gold-standard vote three to one." W. H. Hinrichsen, of Illinois, says:

"The corrected poll of nearly all the ccunties in Illinois shows a substantial gain over the first poll taken. There seems to be no doubt of a very large Democratic majority in the State, outside of Chicago, and we are now confident of carrying that Making the largest allowance for the doubtful vote, we can count on a plurality of at least thirty thousand for Bryan. We shall elect fourteen of the twenty-one Con-

A Very Sanguine Bryanite. BOSTON, Oct. 27.-After a two weeks' stumping tour in the midde West George Fred Williams arrived home to-night, and

was received at the station by his supporters. After heading a torchlight procession through Washington street, with red fire and fireworks, Mr. Williams spoke in Fanuell Hall, with C. T. Callahan, the candidate for Lieutenant Governor. Mr. Williams said: "I am here to bring you some greetings from the middle West and throw some light into the darkness of the Boston press. Indiana and Michigan are no longer in the doubtful column, and there will be a majority in the Electoral College for Wilbe found on the right side, and so will Ohio. spoke in the latter State last night, and while the hall in which I spoke was filled to overflowing. a Republican rally in a hall

which could accommodate some 10,000 people had present only 256.

Chairman Hanna's Advices. CHICAGO, Oct. 27.-Mark A. Hanna has received the final reports of the chairmen of the State committees of Iowa, Kentucky, Minnesota, Michigan and Tennessee, the State chairmen claimed that their States were safely for McKinley, although the telegrams received by Mr. Campau, of the Democratic national committee, placed all of these States in the silver column. ecording to the reports in Mr. Hanna's keeping the five States named will go for McKinley by the following pluralities; Iowa, 50,000; Kentucky, 15,000 to 20,000; Minnescta, 20,000 to 40,000, Michigan, 15,000; Ten-

AFFLICTED WITH CANCER.

John L. Sullivan, the Ex-Pugilist, May Lose His Right Arm. BOSTON, Oct. 27 .- John L. Sullivan, ex-

pugilist champion, is the victim of cancer. The trouble has developed in the right arm. and Dr. Galvin, of the Emergency Hospital, says that unless Sullivan takes great care he will lose his arm.

GRADE CROSSING VICTIMS. Dr. Palmer and Granddaughter Killed

and W. Hauran Fatally Hurt. NEW YORK, Oct. 27.-Dr. W. W. Palmer and Miss Fanny Palmer, his granddaughter, fifteen years of age, of Keansburg, N. tlemen had found "the pressure from the J., were killed to-day and William Hauran, business people of the West so great and of Atlantic City, was probably fatally inthe prospect of McKinley's defeat so jured by a train of the Central Railroad of bright" that they had been forced to this had gone to Keansburg to visit the l'aimers step. These reports were industriously dis- and all three, with a daughter of Dr. tributed among the workingmen and em- Palmer, were in a carriage crossing the rallway track, when a train that had been unobserved by them struck the vehicle, wrecking it. Dr. and Miss Palmer were effect until investigation showed every one killed instantly. Hauran can scarcely surwas not seriously hurt.

A Fireman's Horrible Death.

HOUSTON, Tex., Oct. 27 .- The northbound Houston & Texas Central passenger train was wrecked sixty miles from here gerous false statements of this kind are yesterday morning. The engine jumped the track, but the coaches stayed on the Engineer C. E. Clark was badly hurt; Watter Matthews, fireman, was pinioned under the engine and killed. No passengers were injured. It was necessary to cut the fire-man in pieces in order to remove the body.

Schooner and Crew Lost ST. THOMAS, Ont., Oct. 27 .- The govern-

ment cruiser Fetrel has arrived at Port Stanley with the news that the schooner Sandli, loaded with lumber for Tonawanda. Sandili, loaded with lumber for Tonawi from Wiarton, went down in Lake Friday and all hands were lost andill carried a crew consisting of captain,

CHICAGO POPOCRATS TRIED TO WORK UP SENTIMENT FOR BRYAN,

And, It Is Said, Hired Boys to Fling "Hen Fruit" at Marchers in Their

MR. AND MRS. BRYAN UNHURT

l'arade Yesterday.

BUT THE DRESS SUITS OF A FEW PARADERS DISCOLORED.

Republican Reporter Who Tried to Ferret Out the Culprits Assaulted by a Gang of Popoerats.

BRYAN'S GREAT TASK BEGUN

HOPES TO TALK TO EVERY CHICAS GOAN IN THE NEXT FEW DAYS.

Yesterday He Spoke at Bloomington and Dwight, but Did Not Take the

Gold Cure at the Latter Place.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. CHICAGO, Oct 27 .- Don Quixote Bryan. the Knight of the Honest Dollar, and about three score others known as Knights of Repudiation, Knights of a Debased Currency, Knights of Lawlessness, Knights of Altgeldism and Knights of Tillmanism began their hopeless crusade against this stronghold of sound money this evening. Knight Bryan talked at seven places, and

the other knights spoke to crowds scat-

tered about the city.

The Popograts made great preparations for this final assault, which is expected to last several days. They got up a parade in honor of Bryan's arrival, which was a cause here, and, in order to work up sentiment, determined on a bold move. It will be remembered that when Mr. Carlisle was insulted at Covington many people denounced the outrage, and a number of prominent Kentuckians announced they would not vote for Bryan because his party tolerated such disgraceful proceedings. These desertions caused the Popocrats here to work up a little egg-throwing scheme of their own, in the hope that public sentiment would be turned to Mr. Bryan's side, This afternoon when the parade was passing the corner of Monroe street and Michigan avenue several eggs were thrown from a business college there. A few of the marchers were struck, but none of the eggs came near the carriage containing Mr. and Mrs. Bryan. There was a good deal of excitement, but the egg throwers could not be found. This evening it was said the eggs were thrown by boys who had been hired by the local Popocratio managers, and that it was not the intention to hit anybody with them, but that the boys got excited and threw wild. The belief that the eggs were thrown by hired boys is borne out by the fact that when a reporter was trying to investigate the affair and run down the culprits he was assaulted by some of the Popocratic marchers, who informed him it was none of his

Mr. Bryan had another opportunity to make a nightshirt speech early this morning, when a small crowd of silverites surrounded his car on a switch at Lincoln at 3 o'clock, and yelled so loud that sleep was impossible. Before breakfast he was talking to another crowd at the Lincoln station, where he made his usual financial talk. After breakfast he was taken to the public square, and there he repeated his

financial heresies. When Bloomington was reached, at 9:39 o'clock, Mr. Bryan made a speech to workingmen, in which he said:

This is the home of the Vice President f the greatest nation of God's footstool. We, who have been keepers of the Demo-cratic faith, love Adlai Stevenson, not only for what he is, but we love him because he is all we have left of the last national Democratic ticket. If you have any doubt as to the Democracy of our position on the money question I want you to read what the Republican candidate for President. said yesterday. He said in a speech from the porch: 'Every dollar representing 100 cents is good, not only among our own people, but wherever trade goes, in every market and market place of the world.' Now, ket and market place of the world.' Now, remember what he says. Speaking of this dollar he says: 'It was made by the Republican party, but, let me say, while it was made by the Republican party the administration of Grover Cleveland has maintained it. There he tells you that Grover leveland has simply carried out the policy of the Republican party, and inferentially tells you that Republican success means that the Republican party for four years will carry out the policy of Grover Cleveland. This administration has issued \$252,000,000 in bonds to maintain a gold \$252,000,000 in bonds to maintain a gold standard for three years, and Mr. McKinley praises Mr. Cleveland for having main-tained the standard. When Mr. McKinley says that Mr. Cleveland has maintained Republican doctrine and praises Cleveland, you have reason to believe, that if Mr. Mc-Kinley is elected you will still go on issuing bonds for the benefit of the bondholders and

tax people to pay for them. rax people to pay for them.

"My friends these are strange times. You will not find in our political history another instance where a President has been thrown overboard by his own party only to be caught up and idolized by the opposition party. Yet, that is what you find to-day. The only people who are commending the financial policy of Grover Cleveland are the men who are trying to elect a Republican President to continue ect a Republican President to continue that policy for four years more. Are you surprised when you find a Democratic President indorsed by a Republican candiate for the presidency, that a policy inaugurated at St. Louis and reiterated by the Republican candidate, is driving out of the Re-publican party those who still believe in a government by the people and for the peo-

At Pontiac, sandwiched among the badges of white were many of the color denoting that the wearers did not indorse Mr. Bryan's theory of finance. Mr. Bryan's arguments were of the same general character as those used by him daily. From the rear of the car the nominee addressed the citizens of Dwight for five minutes, and a speech of ten minutes was made at Braidwood, where an immense audience of

miners cheered the candidate. A half-hour stop was made at Joilet, and from directly behind the depot Mr. Bryan addressed the believers in the different standards. There were as many gold badges there as had been seen during the day, Mr. Bryan's speech was devoted to a discussion of the money question as it applied particularly to the working classes. The new incident in the address was when an excited individual queried, "What's the matter with Hanna?" to which Mr. Bryan laughingly replied that he did not believe he would be elected. The town of Lemont was reached at 2:40, and Mr. Bryan was taken to a stand adjacent to the depot and spoke for ten minutes. At Willow Springs another crowd heard Mr. Bryan make one